

Weather

Decidedly Cold.

McGill Daily

Today's Saying

Our Motto: No news is good news.

Vol. XXIV., No. 61

MONTREAL, TUESDAY, JANUARY 22, 1935

PRICE TWO CENTS

McGill Represented At Anti-War League Meeting In Brussels

Mendel Laxer, McGill Delegate to Make Report of Proceedings

MASKED DELEGATE

Unknown German Student Makes Startling Revelations Concerning Conditions in Germany

STARTLING revelations of conditions in Germany by a German university student was one of the highlights of the recent meeting of the International Students Congress against War and Fascism, held at Brussels, where the foundation for a world-wide organization of students has been laid, reports Mendel Laxer, McGill representative.

When the German delegate appeared at the Congress, every effort was made to conceal his identity. He was clad in a long winter overcoat wearing a cap well-drawn down over his forehead. He wore large smoked glasses and a false beard. While he spoke he kept his hands in his pockets, and spoke in a low voice never looking up. He was brought in through a side door by a special committee and at the conclusion of his speech was taken out through the same entrance which was guarded.

Persecutions Prevalent

During his address he told of the difficulties and persecutions which the liberal-minded German student body was undergoing and what steps they are taking to meet it and spoke of the troubles which German students meet in leaving the country. Only those chosen people who are direct agents of Goebbels, Rosenberg & Co. are allowed to visit foreign countries and thus German students have been forced down to the position of acting as secret agents and spies.

Discussing the situation as regards science in the universities, it was stated that the colleges have become "factories of war," chemists being occupied with poison gas, doctors with "military surgery," biologists with bacterial warfare, while technicians study the construction of artillery and philologists and students of pedagogy, how further war propaganda may be infused into youth.

Military Science

In German universities lectures on military science are endless and all students must take part in them while many students are enrolled in the "Storm Troopers." In speaking of the opposition which the students are putting up to their enforced marshalling in the National Socialist ranks, the mysterious delegate said, "We are now engaged in forming everywhere, in lecture rooms, in seminars, in fascist organizations, student houses and labour camps. We demand freedom of teaching and of study, freedom of religious faith, lowering of fees and discontinuance of compulsory features. We are fighting against militarization and are leading an ideological campaign against National Socialism. Fascism cannot destroy life—we represent life in the future."

The congress was attended by 400 delegates and 70 professors and leading intellectuals from 31 countries, mainly

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Employment Bureau Reports Progress

More Younger Graduates Secure Permanent Positions

"Hesitating confidence in business conditions" is reflected in the quarterly report of the Graduates' Society Employment Bureau of McGill University for the three-month period ending December 31st last.

Noting the tendency to employ younger graduates, rather than experienced men, the report points out that "unless an expansion of business seems assured, the employment of older and hence more highly salaried graduates is usually delayed." The quarter under review, however, was satisfactory in several respects, for it is observed that a larger proportion of the placements were of a permanent character, while the average salary was higher.

The detailed report reveals that positions were found for 15 men and nine women. Of the 24 placements, three of the jobs for male graduates were of a temporary nature, and two of those for women were in the same category. In the same quarter of 1933, only 13 placements were recorded, and only seven of these were permanent. During the preceding quarter of 1934, 25 positions were found, one more than last quarter, but of this number 12 were temporary.

Roosevelt Policy Under Discussion In Debate Tonight

PARTICIPATING in their final debate of the season under auspices of the Montreal Debating League, the Junior Debating League of McGill tonight encounters a Knights of Columbus team in Strathcona Hall, the resolution under discussion concerning the Roosevelt policy. Debating for McGill are Ivor Williams and Saul Zeldel. They uphold the negative of "Resolved that the Roosevelt policy is in the best interests of the people of the United States." The debate is scheduled for eight o'clock, and takes place in the assembly room on the second floor of Strathcona Hall.

The debate is the second home event of this kind held this year by the Junior Debating League. Each debate is open to the student body. The addresses will be fifteen minutes in length, and there will be a rebuttal of five minutes. Allan Anderson will be in the chair.

Enterprise To Aid School For Nurses

History and Work of McGill School Outlined

NEED FINANCIAL AID

Graduate Nurses Seek to Maintain School as Necessary Feature of Nursing

Nurses of Canada and particularly of Montreal have set themselves to the task of raising funds to maintain the graduate school at McGill. This School for Graduate Nurses was established at McGill University in 1920, following a request of nursing leaders, who felt that the time had come to qualify nurses for leadership in the field of hospital and training school administration, nursing education, and to better service in the field of public health. This early start was made possible financially by the generosity of the Quebec Provincial Branch of the Canadian Red Cross Society, which agreed to finance it for a period of three years.

University Control

In 1924, the University assumed full responsibility for the maintenance of the school, this action placing the School upon equal basis with other Schools in the University as an integral part of its educational project and service. The school within McGill University, in a cosmopolitan city like Montreal, it is believed has unusual opportunities for the carrying out of both its academic and practical field work, and assisting its graduates more fully to understand and perform their various tasks.

The School continued to carry on its work with the aid and support of the University, sending its graduates not only to every province in Canada but to many countries abroad, until the fall of 1932, when the University felt it must retrench in its expenditures as a result of the depression; and as the School for Nurses is the only professional school which does not meet its maintenance in whole or part of endowment, the University felt it must cease the maintenance of this School.

Alumnae Gives Support

Upon receipt of the notification, the Alumnae of the School realizing the great loss to nursing in the community which the closing of this School

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Dr. Vlastos Speaks At Chapel Service

Professor of Philosophy From Queen's to Visit Montreal

The place of a religious organization in the university will be discussed by Dr. Gregory Vlastos, professor of philosophy at Queen's University, at the first Chapel Service of the year in D'Yvity Hall next Sunday evening at 7.30.

While in Montreal, Dr. Vlastos will be lecturing at several city clubs. He is considered a keen thinker and effective speaker and for this reason has become one of the most popular leaders of young people in Canada.

At the Open House that will be held in Strathcona Hall after the service Mrs. Vlastos will give an informal talk on "Recent Developments in the Drama," with special emphasis on the proletarian theatre. A reunion for those students who attended the C.S.M. Spring Camp last year will be held on Sunday morning at 10.30 in Strathcona Hall with Dr. Vlastos conducting.

Grads. Parliament Convenes Thursday In Union Ballroom

New Deal in Canada Subject For Discussion

"OLD BOYS" SESSION

Lovell Carroll, Lionel Forsyth, K.C., and R. L. Calder, K.C., to Speak

THAT this house favours a New Deal for Canada is the question to be decided at the Old Boys' Mock Parliament on Thursday evening in the Union Ballroom. Many graduate speakers will be present including Lovell C. Carroll who will act as Prime Minister, H. Carl Goldenberg, A. H. Zaitlin, A. Watt, and R. Wilfred Becket who form the government.

The opposition party will be led by Lionel Forsyth, K.C., supported by R. L. Calder, K.C., J. J. Spector and Professors F. R. Scott and Eugene Forsey. The speaker for the occasion will be the Hon. A. K. Hughesen. Many of these speakers were well known in the Debating Union during their undergraduate period at McGill, and their names appeared at the sessions of Mock Parliaments in past years.

Undergraduate Speakers

The Debating Executive wishes to stress the fact that the undergraduates are invited, as well as all Old Boys, to take part in this Old Boys' Mock Parliament, which is an annual affair at McGill. Well known speakers of the undergraduate body will also be present at this session, some of whom are Ken Baker, Eli Kelloway, Phil Vineberg and Don Black.

During the next two months, two more Mock Parliaments are scheduled to take place. These are under the auspices of the Debating Union, and consist of a Toronto-McGill contest and one between Puerto Rico and McGill, to be carried out on February 8th and March 8th respectively.

Freshmen Arrange For Class Function

Annual Banquet Takes Place In Union Grill

Completing preparations for a class banquet, the executive of Arts '38 announce that the annual function has been arranged for Friday noon. The event as in former years will be held in the Grill Room of the Union immediately after the Natural Science lecture. That is, the banquet is scheduled for one o'clock, and will last approximately three-quarters of an hour.

At the close of the luncheon, the members of the class will hear an address by Eugene Forsey, lecturer in the Department of Economics. The topic which he has chosen for his address has not yet been disclosed. The speaker at the same function last year was Dr. Hatcher. At that time, the President of the Students' Council also explained the managerial system which was shortly to go into force.

The usual price of forty cents will be charged for the meal, which includes the regular menu of the cafeteria luncheon. Tickets are now on sale at Bill Gentlemen's office, or may be secured from any member of the class executive. This is the only luncheon the class will sponsor as a body this year.

Book Sales Low

Demand For Term Books Greater Than Supply

Only \$30 in receipts were collected yesterday during a fairly quiet business day of the Book Exchange. The main reason for this appears to be the small number of second term books handed in. The committee is sending out a special call to all students who have books to sell. Those, in particular demand, are: Hall's School Algebra, Parts 2 and 3, Mollere's Le Bourgeois Gentilhomme, Greenfield and Bacon's Scientific German Reader, J. P. Day's Money and Banking System of the United States, Spenser's Collection, Milton's Collection.

Unless a greater stock of books is received, the Exchange will be forced to close before Saturday. Hours of business today will be 9 a.m. till 5.30 p.m., including the lunch hour.

Skier Hurt

Syd Murray, Graduate student in the Department of Economics, who was hurt on Hill 70 at St. Sauveur last Sunday, was reported doing fine at the Royal Victoria Hospital last night.

Arts Undergraduate Magazine Contest Ends This Month

January 31st is the last day on which entries by Arts and Science Undergraduates will be received for the contest sponsored by the Arts Undergraduate Magazine. The contest, which is backed by the editorial board to promote a literary interest among the students, will select the best short story, poem, and article submitted, and will award \$5 prizes to each of the winning contestants.

Dr. H. G. Files of the Department of English will judge the best story and poem, and Dr. C. W. Hendel of the Department of Philosophy, the article. The editors of the Magazine wish to express their gratitude at the response which has been made to their contest, many contributions having been submitted.

All those wishing to join the contest yet may hand their entry to Bill Gentlemen or any of the following members of the editorial board: J. W. Kerr, A. I. Bloomfield, G. Bourne.

China Revealed As Misunderstood Land

Former McGill Student Writes of Orient From Shanghai

INTERESTING SIDELIGHTS

Says Average Foreigner Has Little Idea of Real China

Doubtless many of the older students at McGill will remember William Woo, who attended the faculty of arts here several years. "Willie" as he was commonly known by his many friends, was born in Canada and spent all his life in Montreal until he returned to China a year or two ago with his aged father. He was outstanding in all fields of study, including basketball, basketball and baseball, and played for many of the best known clubs in the city.

He has written the following letter to the Editor-in-Chief, who has for many years known him very well, with the request that it be published in the hope of enlightening students at McGill concerning college life, etc., in China. The following is a verbatim text of the letter:

Text of Letter

"As you no doubt know, this is the first time I have ever been in China, having been born and brought up in Canada, and when I first returned, China was as new to me as it is to anyone who has never been to the Far East. The average foreigner has an idea that China abounds with laundries, restaurants and Chop Suey houses, simply because these places form the chief occupation of the Chinese populace in America. About 90 per cent of the Orientals from China whom the average Canadian comes in contact with, are from the districts around Taishan and Chungsan in the province of Kwantung. Before migrating to America, these people as a whole were from the poor farming classes. In fact, relatives of these people who were not fortunate enough to make the voyage to America, are still engaged in cultivating the land, and eking out a bare existence. The majority of these farmers are rather poorly educated, as they have neither the means nor the

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Old McGill '35

Faculty Representatives will please meet tomorrow at 5 o'clock in the Annual Office in the Union Basement. Please bring all signed sales lists with you. The following are asked to be on hand:

Phyllis Davies, H. Lolselle, I. Dubin, D. Anderson, C. Tessier, and W. M. Chamard.

McGill Italian Club Holds Dinner Tonight

THE Italian Consul and Colonel Bovey will address a dinner meeting of the Italian Club to be held in the Union Grill at 7.30 tonight.

This is to be an introductory meeting at which the program of the club activities in the coming year will be discussed. All interested students, whether taking Italian or not, are urged to attend. The club has been formed to encourage interest in Italian language and culture, and intends to further its aims by several conferences and concerts during the season.

Soviet Experiment Partly Successful, Speaker Maintains

King Gordon, M.A., Delivers Lecture on Social Problems

EDUCATING PEOPLE

Says Great Majority of Soviets Receive Many Unique Advantages

A RATHER sympathetic view of Communism was presented by J. King Gordon, M.A., in the second in a series of lectures on Problems in Social Reconstruction given in Strathcona Hall last night. The lecturer, who was in Soviet Russia last summer, gave a large audience an outline of the way the new social order appears to be working out.

Mr. Gordon attacked the opinion that Communism is intangible theorizing. "If you want to insult a Communist," he said, "call him an idealist!" Modern Communism is non-utopian; it searches for the basic causes of social reform, and thence the road to reform.

Workers Aided

He pointed out some of the results that have been achieved in the life of the people. The worker has a standardized seven-hour working-day. The rest of the time he may spend as he pleases, at the theatre, cinema, in sport, and so on. His health worries are eased by the fact that he receives free medical attention. The Soviet is working to educate the people. The great majority of the workers, said the speaker, receive certain advantages which are denied a lot of westerners, summed up under the headings, Security and Cultural Possibility.

In an interesting digression on cinematic art, Mr. Gordon related that a Russian director told him that a Soviet film strives first to educate, then to be Art, and then to entertain. This is but one indication of the attitude of the Soviet leaders—an unceasing striving to instill the people with their principles. They take advantage of every method of putting through their progressive schemes. Realizing the frailty of mankind, they encourage the workers with every possible incentive: one man will work from the motive of profit, another for social approbation, and getting his picture in the paper,

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Eminent Neurologist Lectures Tomorrow

University of Virginia Professor Will Discuss Nerve Regeneration

McGill biologists will be hosts tomorrow to a visiting neurologist, Professor E. C. Speldel of the University of Virginia, who will give an address on nerve regeneration in the Biological Building at five o'clock. Professor Speldel is famed as a neurologist and has in particular added much to the knowledge of that science by his research, and is in fact one of the first men to plunge deeply into this difficult task, a comparatively new one in the neurological world. He is a professor in the Department of Anatomy at the University of Virginia.

Discoveries in nerve regeneration are attributed first to Roman Khal and later to Professor Harrison, while the latter's work has been carried on by Professor Speldel. His lecture will be illustrated with motion pictures which will follow closely his topic and bring out more clearly the points which he wishes to make clear. These motion pictures are the result of much work and were exceedingly difficult to take, in that long observations and close attention was required.

Various members of the medical profession have signified their intention of being present at Professor Speldel's lecture, and it has also been ascertained that the lecturers in Faculty of Medicine are interested in the address.

History Club Meets

"Irish Revolution" and "German Republic" Topics of Addresses

"The Irish Revolution 1918-1923" and "The German Republic, 1918-1932," are the subjects for discussion at the fifth meeting of the McGill Historical Club which is being held at the home of Mr. Hugh Doherty, tonight at 8.30. N. Bourgoinmaster will address the gathering on the Irish Revolution while W. R. Hullin will be the speaker on the German Republic. This meeting marks the commencement of the second half of the program of the club being the first of a series of four meetings which will be held between now and the end of the session. The president will be in the chair.

Newman Club 'At Home' Arranged For February 8th

PLANS for the Annual "At Home" of the McGill Newman Club show continued progress with all arrangements having been completed for obtaining the ballroom and piazza on the ninth floor of the Mount Royal Hotel for the night of Friday, February 8th.

Although an orchestra has not yet been selected the dance committee promises that in keeping with the tradition of the club the best available will be secured in order to make the success of this year's dance an established fact. As usual varied forms of novelties and decorations will be a feature of the Newman classic and every effort is being made to make the dance even surpass what have been recognized as the outstandingly successful dances of the Newman Club in the past few years.

Tickets, at six dollars per couple, are now available at the Union.

Students To Discuss Constitution Change

Necessity of Alteration and Methods of Amendment to be Considered

MODERN ASPECTS

Philip Vineberg and Alison Walsh to Present Papers to Club

Philip Vineberg, Arts '35 student and Alison Walsh, Law '36, will present papers to the Political Economy Club on "Amending the Canadian Constitution, The Necessity and the Method," at the regular meeting to be held on January 31st.

During the last year or two, there has been much discussion of the pressing subject of changing the Constitution. One reason for this is that the power to pass social and industrial legislation and other matters pertaining to economic policy, has largely passed into the hands of the widely diverse provinces. This causes a very broken and incoherent system of legislation, when each of the legislatures of the nine provinces are enabled to pass their own laws.

Some persons believe that the system of state policy set up by statesmen in 1867, is not elastic enough nor fitting to apply to present day exigencies. As a result, some have felt that the B.N.A. Act should be so amended as to put these powers of the provinces into the hands of the federal government. The important urgency of the need for remodelling the Act is illustrated by the fact that some of our leading statesmen have seriously considered supporting the proposal.

First in the meeting, P. Vineberg will show the necessity for action in changing to constitution. Secondly, A. Walsh will discuss methods to bring this about. Members of the Staff of the Department are expected to be present. Light refreshments will be served at the end of the meeting.

Dental Ball Looms As Social Classic

Tickets Selling Quickly For February 1st Supper Dance

The annual spree of the dentists, the Dental Ball, destined to take place the evening of the first of February, is this year being held amidst original and entertaining surroundings in the piazza of the Mount Royal Hotel, where old Spain in all its glamour is reproduced. The gala event is attracting the attention of campus celebrities, the committee in charge of the dance state, since the ticket sales have shown great promise of a large attendance, and many enquiries have been received concerning the affair.

Howard Simpson and his Priyateers have been engaged for the evening and will blend their music with the perfect surroundings. This orchestra, it is understood, was specially engaged since the popular demand seemed to ask for it, and consequently, the dance is expected to go over in a greater way than ever before.

The committee have paid attention to the arrangement of tables and the general layout of the piazza, and have decided to make it as unique as possible while still retaining the cabaret style. Patrons for the occasion include most of the professors and their wives of the faculty of dentistry, besides many famous dentists associated with the faculty. Complete plans for the function are now ascertained, and only the selling of the remainder of the tickets remains.

Man Can Prevent Future War States B. C. Student Body

Undergraduates of Western Canadian University Denounce War

CONFLICTS PREVENTABLE

University of Montreal Students Would Refuse Service

Results of War questionnaires published by various Canadian universities recently indicate a decided interest on the part of Canadian undergraduates in the vexatious problem of war and peace. From the University of British Columbia a form printed in the student paper, the Ubysey, elicited the fact that approximately one-half the undergraduates would fight for their country in certain wars which appeared justifiable, while one-tenth of the students are prepared to do battle under any circumstances.

One of the comments written on a questionnaire suggested that a means of abolishing war was to "Let the women fight and keep the men at home!" Another individual stated that one way of avoiding conflict was by "Abolition of such circulars as this." Statements in general ranged all the way from poisoning of armament manufacturers to an intensification of religious teaching, Federation of world states, wealth conscription laws, censorship of war literature and movies, and a better system of education were included amongst the ideas submitted.

449 Answer Questions

Four hundred and forty-nine undergraduates of U.B.C. answered the questionnaire. Of these, one hundred and thirteen were females. Proportionally twice as many more women than men said that they would not fight under any circumstances. One hundred and sixteen answered "Yes!" when asked if they would refuse to fight at all. Ninety-four undergraduates would have Canada declare war on any belligerent nation which invaded the United States, while only twenty-five would have a resolution of war passed if Great Britain was invaded.

One hundred and eighty-one students would actively oppose the continuation of war by engaging in mass protests and petitions, while others would do so by refusing to pay taxes. More than half the undergraduates endorsed the League of Nations and its work, while all movements for better understanding amongst nations received warm support from two-thirds of the persons filling in the questionnaire.

Other Universities

The undergraduate body of the University of Montreal declared by a majority decision that they would not support their government in any war. However this declaration is somewhat offset by the fact that very few replies to the questionnaire were received. There were one hundred and forty-one answers. Of these, one-third thought that war is inevitable. The same number of students inferred that they would lend their support to Canada in certain wars. Ninety-eight believed war justifiable when Canada is invaded.

The League of Nations was considered to be the best medium of peace in the world, while abolition of all military organizations came next in the popular opinion as a force to be used against the threat of future warfare.

In connection with war questionnaires, the last meeting of the editors of college dailies held last month in Washington decided to take action to determine student attitudes towards war, and are now preparing a circular to be submitted to undergraduates throughout the country.

Early Publication Of Annual Seems Likely

Photographic Contest Still Open For Entries

If present indications are any criterion, "Old McGill '35" should be in the hands of its subscribers by April 1st, according to a member of the managing board. The Faculty representatives are all chosen; and the various departments are rapidly being completed. Entries are still being accepted for the Photographic Contest. First prize in this affair is five dollars, and there are three other awards of an Annual each.

The feature department is well under way. Ronald Leatham, who is in charge is planning a great number of innovations in the coming volume.

Clubs and societies have until January 31st to make appointments for sittings at the Rice Studio. Write-ups must be in the hands of the Clubs and Societies Editor by the same date.

The new number will include class biographies of all the graduation years.

McGill Daily

THE OLDEST COLLEGE DAILY IN CANADA

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Opinions expressed below are those of the majority of the Managing Board of the McGill Daily and not the official opinions of the Students' Society

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The Annual Corporation Report

THE annual report of the Corporation of McGill has been made public in the last few days, and excerpts from it have been printed both in the downtown press and in our own columns. We feel however that it is worth more than a few columns of news coverage... it is a thing worthy of some study by the students themselves. Very few students realize all the work, the varied field of endeavor, and the involved financing that such a thing as a university involves — and even more so in the case of a University which pretends to the calibre of McGill. A slight inkling of all this, is conveyed in even a hurried glance through the present report of the Corporation.

With the passing of every day, time throws more light upon the achievement of McGill's late Principal, Sir Arthur Currie — and the report of the Chancellor, Mr. E. W. Beatty, gives full and deserving praise to the Principal's many accomplishments. During his term of office, The Centennial Endowment Fund was collected, the Arts Building was remodelled, the Biological Building was erected, as well as the Pulp and Paper Building, the Annex to R.V.C. and finally the magnificent equipped Neurological Institute. It is a record of intensive progress and development of which anyone might be proud.

Even before the passing of Sir Arthur Currie, the pinch of depression at McGill had begun to make itself felt, and steps were taken to cut down all useless expenditures and to conserve the sources of revenue as much as possible. To this end, economies were instituted... salaries were cut, fees raised and all budgets limited to a minimum. There is still, and there has been nevertheless a deficit every year which has had to be met from somewhere. Inevitably, sooner or later McGill will be forced to appeal once more to the charitable citizens of Montreal to come to its aid. Research, learning, investigation, and highly technical training, are costly — to make money one must spend money — and similarly to progress, the latest equipment is required; a matter of no small expense.

All thinking graduates will, we hope, when the times comes, aid McGill to the greatest of their capacity, not merely because it is their alma mater, but because it is for the good of the nation, for themselves, for their own children.

For a number of years now, McGill has shown an increase every year in the number of students enrolling; the most marked increase has been in the registrations in courses leading to degrees. This is an eloquent testimony to the regard which the public has for McGill; it is no small tribute to show an increased enrollment in the face of strained financial conditions among the classes from which the students come, especially when the fees have been so increased.

In spite of the economies etc., which have been made, every effort possible is being made to keep up the high standard of the professorial staffs of the various faculties. How well this aim has been succeeded in is apparent at a single glance at the many promotions and new appointments which have been made. Economy or no economy, the outstanding quality of the staff must be maintained.

A great many words might be devoted to the many reports of the different faculties and departments of the university. Unfortunately we have neither the time nor the space to devote the attention which they merit — beyond saying that they are remarkably complete and cover an almost unbelievably wide scope.

Did You Flunk?

AS we enter into the second term of the college year we find it time to check up on ourselves and determine just how much we have to do, if we have not been fortunate enough to have been checked up upon by mid-term examinations.

So often does it happen that we allow ourselves to slide until it is too late to do much of the work that we would like to do that one cannot overestimate the value and indeed the necessity of taking stock of the situation before it is too late.

Past records indicate the comparatively large numbers who have allowed

courses to get beyond their grasp and as a result are in the unenviable position of having to take supplemental examinations or repeat their year. That such circumstances are largely the result of carelessness can hardly be denied and the fact that they can be prevented from ever occurring in a comparatively easy manner is further proof of the advisability of an early check-up and organization of work for the coming months.

Those who have let fall work slip by without being understood are undoubtedly in a poor position but in most cases the position is not a hopeless one and an exhaustive review will place them on their feet though they will be considerably handicapped in making this review. The idea of not keeping up to date with work now being done is too preposterous to merit consideration and is courting disaster in a very adequate manner.

The Bookshelf

THE GREAT DEPRESSION by Lionel Robbins. MacMillan and Co. 1934. pp. 200.

THE present economic depression has brought forth a veritable plethora of economic literature, dealing with various phases of the crisis, explanations of its genesis, and proposals for its eradication. We have had innumerable texts during the past five years on unemployment, tariffs and trade, public finance and especially money. Technocracy, social credit and other solutions have found their beginnings in the existing economic chaos.

Now comes a complete survey dealing with the course and phases of the depression, and offering proposals for the future, in "The Great Depression," by Lionel Robbins, professor in the London School of Economics. Professor Robbins, as he tells us in his preface, desires "with the aid of what is sometimes called 'orthodox' economics, to furnish a succinct commentary on the more conspicuous features of the slump and its antecedents." The book is a clear, concise statement of why the depression started, the course it has run, and the conditions needed for recovery. But somehow one is inclined to think that the author in his survey has used economics which is perhaps too "orthodox."

Professor Robbins does much to clear up several current misconceptions. The fall in prices he attributes rather as an effect than a cause of the crisis; he scouts the prevalent argument that a stable price level is the key to prevention of depressions, and finally he attempts to disprove the argument that the fall in prices was due to a shortage of gold or even to its maldistribution, which he attributes, not to sterilization, but to a state of "continued disequilibrium with the rest of the world which was the fate of Great Britain."

One very interesting part of his work is where the author attempts to explain the cause of the crisis. His theory is one of a disequilibrium between investment and savings, which leads to a "structure of production" incapable of perpetrating itself once credit, in the acute stage of the crisis, is restricted. His theory runs very closely to the Hayekian analysis, though of course it is presented in a very abbreviated form. The author then traces the actual events which occurred immediately before the crisis in the light of his theoretical analysis, showing the folly of the easy money policy of the Federal Reserve System, and the havoc wrought by the cessation of foreign lending.

After a succinct analysis of the financial crisis of 1931 and the subsequent international chaos, which is purely descriptive, Prof. Robbins enters the most interesting and controversial part of his volume. It is obvious that he has little respect for the N.R.A., and all other forms of restrictionism and planning. To him the A.A.A. and the rest of Roosevelt's alphabet soup are economically unsound and can accomplish nothing in the way of recovery. Planning he claims is not possible under a capitalist economy, but this does not mean that the author favours Socialism. By no means! To him Socialism and planning would mean instability, inefficiency and a check to economic progress.

Professor Robbins enters the very centre of controversy when he outlines what he considers to be the conditions for recovery. These include immediate stabilization of the exchanges, with the eventual restoration of the gold standard, and the general lowering of trade barriers. Most economists will be inclined to agree with him in these respects. But the author then advocates the "freeing of the market," which, although he vigorously denies it, seems to amount to nothing more than pure laissez-faire. Since the War increasing price-rigidity and wage-inflexibility and an ossified business structure, aggravated by government aid to monopolies and other government policies, have increased the insecurity of the industrial system. The policy of the State to industry must undergo complete revision and business should be left to be dominated by the market.

It is with this last idea that most students will be inclined to disagree. When on all sides of us we see the cry for increased government restriction and interference, this plea seems to be a cry in the wilderness. It is for this very reason that one closes the book with a feeling of disillusionment and disappointment. The author's plea to "give Capitalism a chance" does not seem to ring true after the experience of the past decade, and the philosophy he is uttering is one that is generally conceded to be completely out of date. Professor Robbins seems to be offering a step backwards as a solution for our ills....

A. I. B.

FROBISHER'S FROLICS

Dear Ma—

Well, here I am back at college, fit as a fiddle and empty as a bass drum. You will perhaps have wondered why I have not written you before, but the fact of the matter is that I have been spending my Christmas vacation in salubrious and charming dalliance in New York. You may remember that Aunt Sophia had asked me to spend the holidays with her—an invitation which I accepted with alacrity.

This institution of learning closed on the

twenty-first of December, and I made all haste to the world's Metropolis. Aunt Sophia met me at the train, and took me home at once for breakfast. Imagine my shock, surprise, and consternation to find Gwladys at the breakfast table. She greeted me most cordially, throwing her fair arms about my neck and kissing me in no uncertain terms—whilst Aunt Sophia looked on approvingly. While consuming my porridge, I pressed Gwladys for an explanation of her presence in the city, only to learn from Aunt Sophia that Gwladys had begged to be permitted to stay. In order that she might see the object of her undying affection—myself. I looked at Gwladys reproachfully, but Aunt Sophia merely laughed and said I was "coming away for love of the dear sweet girl." I finished the porridge.

Immediately after the meal, Aunt Sophia suggested that Gwladys and myself make an excursion to the various points of interest within the city. So we set forth. We proceeded to a place called Radio City—a huge pile of masonry—and procured a guide to show us through the establishment. He was a most affable and handsome young man, whose physique was admirably set off by the tight-fitting uniform he wore. As we wandered through maze after maze of corridors, I noticed that he seemed much taken with Gwladys, and that he addressed almost all his remarks to her—contriving, somehow, to relate the most complicated mechanical intricacies to her in an impassioned tone.

At length, having perused all of interest within the institution, I was surprised to find the young man addressing me in silken tones. He said that he had oftentimes heard of me and my family; that he was a staunch admirer of all for which I and my parents stood; that he felt I was a man of honor and trust. Of course, I was quite overcome by emotion, and informed him that my services were his to command, if only it would assist that cause which we Frobishers have striven to attain throughout our lives—the dissemination of culture.

The young man, whose name was Joe, then confided to me that he and Gwladys had been childhood sweethearts back in Shawinigan, and that he wished a few moments alone with her. I of course said that such affection was not to be broken up by one so honorable as myself, and offered to withdraw. The young man then suggested that I put on his uniform, to the end that he might not lose his position by being apprehended off duty. I acquiesced, and the exchange was made.

Following his instructions, I proceeded to the main lobby, where I stood about in a position of easy, yet powerful, relaxation. After some three hours, I began to feel hungry, but dared not leave my post—I had adjusted my shoulders quite comfortably to the column against which I was leaning. Whilst I was wondering what course of action to pursue, an important looking individual in striped trousers and a cutaway approached me and asked me to direct him to the rest room. Having not the slightest idea where that might be, I nevertheless essayed to conduct him thither; and, after walking several hundred yards, finally found that which we both sought—for, as you know, Ma, the power of mental suggestion is very strong.

We entered, only to be confronted by a large and unprepossessing negress, who picked us up bodily and threw us out into the corridor. The gentleman with whom I had been rather angry, I fear, for he leaped upon me, and ripped off my uniform, yelling the while, "So this is what I've spent my good money for, is it! So help me, I'll kill that son of mine! Radio City—Hah! Present from my loving son—Hah! Sure to pay for itself in eighty-four years—Bah!"

Feeling sure that I was dealing with a maniac, I hastened out of the place and made the best of my way back to Aunt Sophia's.

I am too wrought up by emotion to write any more now. The very thought of the indignities which I suffered at the hands of that elderly man is enough to upset my stomach.

All love to you and Pa from your loving son,
FERDINAND WILBURFORCE FROBISHER.

MUSIC

Mischa Elman

THE noted violinist and artist Mischa Elman, will be heard in recital at the Imperial Theatre on Wednesday evening. His programme includes Beethoven's "Kreutzer" Sonata for violin and piano. Mr. Elman's complete programme follows: Sonata in D, by Nardini; Kreutzer Sonata, Opus 47, by Beethoven; Concerto in D, by Bruch; Ballade and Polonaise, by Vieuxtemps.

A generous reduction of fifty cents a ticket is offered to students, it is announced. McGill students desiring to take advantage of this offer should present their handbook or coupons to Mrs. B. D. Simpson, Room 1002, Mount Royal Hotel.

Miss Mary Munn

MARY MUNN, the blind Montreal pianist who just returned from a most successful European tour, will give a recital in the Prince of Wales Salon of the Windsor Hotel on Thursday evening. Miss Munn was especially acclaimed by her English critics as an interpreter of Bach. Her attractive programme includes Bach's B flat Partita, a delightful collection of short dance tunes.

The second number will be Beethoven's vigorous Sonata in C, Opus 53, known as the "Waldstein." It is some time since this work has been presented here. Two Brahms Intermezzi follow, Op. 118, No. 2; and Op. 119, No. 3. The programme is completed by an Etude in E and the Waltz in A flat, Op. 42 of Chopin; Sonatine, by Ravel; and Rhapsody, Op. 11, No. 3, by Dohnanyi.



Correspondence

The Editor,
McGill Daily.

Dear Sir:—

In reference to your editorial of Friday, January the eighteenth, I would like to make the following comments.

It was stated:—"A feeling of unanimous dissatisfaction is prevalent among the student body," etc. In regard to the honouring of student coupons at McGill home games, in the Senior Hockey League." This was followed by a list of grievances, which, if they actually existed, would give the student body ample grounds for serious

complaint. But the truth is, Sir, that the grievances listed do not, in fact, exist.

The same dissatisfaction has been expressed before, and I feel that it is high time that the student body be informed as to the general conditions under which the coupons are issued. With this object in mind I would like to take this opportunity of explaining a little of the history of the Student Coupons, and at the same time correcting the misstatements found in your editorial.

When the present system was inaugurated, the agreement between the Students' Society and the Athletics Board, was that the tickets were to be good for general admission. In the case of the Forum, "general admission" means seats in the North End, and when they allow us better seats, it is a kindly concession on their part.

There are three home games, this season. The Athletics Board chose the three games which they thought would be against the leading teams in the league. Thus giving the students an opportunity to see what should be some of the best hockey played this winter.

As the "Daily" was not published on Wednesday last, the Athletics Office telephoned the janitor in each of the main buildings, and asked him to spread the news that it was to be a home game that night. Also the Hockey Manager informed the Daily at the beginning of the season of the dates of the home games.

As to the statement that "at least seventy-five percent of the student body was not aware that it was a home game." This is again incorrect as far over twenty-five percent of the coupons issued, were turned in at the gate. In fact only a few less coupons were taken in on Wednesday night, than at any other home game. This difference could easily be due to the fact that the mid-term examinations were still on and must have kept a few students away.

The Athletics Board pays the ticket price on five games, (the three already mentioned, and the Queens and Varsity games). The Board also pays the tax on the Yale and Harvard games.

Out of the ten dollar athletics fee, between a dollar-fifty and two dollars pays for admissions. (This is an average). The remainder pays for other services, such as rinks, tennis courts, playing fields, and assistance of minor sports. Contrary to the general opinion football receipts do not carry all the other sports, etc., at McGill.

Finally the editorial accuses the Athletics Board of "hardly playing the game." The Students are also asked to play the game, by not transferring their booklets, from one to another, and also to outsiders. A practice which we all know goes on continually.

I trust, Sir, that the above statement will help to clear up any misunderstanding that may exist on the part of any student in regard to the Student Coupons.

I hope this reply is not too lengthy, but the comments in your paper called for a rather full explanation.

Sincerely yours,
D. LORNE GALES,
President, Students' Society.

Theatre Review

Cinema de Paris

THE presentation of Louis Hemon's novel of French Habitant life, the well-known Maria Chapdelaine, featured at the Cinema de Paris this week, is a fairly literal transcript of the story. Uncoloured by sensational incident, it is little more than the gathering together of events, in themselves somewhat fragmentary, into a true and moving record of the life of these people. Some lovely scenic effects have been introduced without being annoyingly exploited, and the realistic detail is at the same time unobtrusive and convincing. The characteristic country cure and other familiar have here been well presented, and the temptation to sentimentalize or caricature has been skillfully avoided. Nor should we forget the singing of chansons which has been used to good effect throughout the film. Madeleine Renaud plays the heroine, Maria. Her performance is adequate though suffering somewhat from skittishness in the early portion of the story.

J. M.

China Revealed As Misunderstood Land

(Continued from page one)

time to receive even a fair education. In China as in other societies, there are the upper classes of society and these people are not compelled to seek an education abroad. As a result, western people seldom come into contact with the educated classes in China and to my mind, this is a great handicap towards better understanding between the two great races. True, there is more class distinction in the Orient than in most western countries but the middle and higher classes of society compare favorably with the same in other lands. To my mind, such cities as Shanghai, Hong-Kong, Canton, Tsingtao, Hangchow, and others which I have visited, are as modern in many respects, if not more so, than most cities in Canada. However one

can still notice the old ideas and customs, which certainly form a contrast to the modern ideas. On the streets of these cities can be seen automobiles of the latest styles, whizzing past at a tremendous rate; representing the modern age, while rickshaws and wheelbarrows, representatives of the old age are still in abundance, plodding along at a snail's pace. On the sidewalks can be seen people dressed in the latest styles from Paris and New York, while others on the same sidewalks still cling to the styles of their ancestors. As we walk down the streets, we notice many fine modern buildings, designed by present day architects, rising majestically towards the sky; and not far away are other buildings, fashioned along ancient architectural designs, which were probably built hundreds of years before we were born. Truly, this part of the world seems to be a meeting place for things old and new, modern and ancient.

Comparisons

"The great financial houses of Shanghai which are situated along the famous Bund compare favourably with those of St. James and McGill Streets. There are two settlements in Shanghai, namely the French Concession and the International Settlement. This latter settlement is governed by a council composed of American, British, Japanese, Italians and Chinese. Surrounding these concessions are the various districts of the Chinese city. Some of these are called Nantao, Kiangwan, Chenju, Chiotung and Chapel. Chapel was the scene of the recent Sino-Japanese war and much of the district is still in ruins; however the Chinese government is taking steps to rebuild the entire area and in a few years the place is expected to resume a normal aspect again. North Station, where some of the heaviest fighting took place, has been completely rebuilt, and is now the terminus of the busiest railway in China, namely the Shanghai-Hangchow-Nanking line. The Chinese government has already made plans to build a new city called greater Shanghai in the beautiful country district of Kiangwan, about a mile or two away from the settlements. The new civic centre which corresponds to the city hall has already been built there, and construction on other buildings are progressing quite rapidly. Farther inland are the cities of Hangchow and Soochow. Each year Hangchow attracts many tourists because of its wonderful scenery, and of its famous "West Lake" which is considered to be the most beautiful in China. The

new highway between Hangchow and Shanghai makes it easy for motorists from the seaport to spend weekends at Hangchow during the summer time. Soochow, a quiet city near Shanghai, is noted especially for its feminine charm. Tsingtao, in the north of China, which was formerly a German seaport, is considered to be the best summer resort in China, and attracts thousands of tourists each year. Its natural sea beach, its many hotels and other modern places, rival the best in America. In the south of China is Hong Kong, which I consider to be one of the most beautiful places in the Far East. This island colony, with its warm, sunny climate, its hilly and mountainous atmosphere, its picturesque scenery, its numerous bays and inlets, its cosmopolitan population and its quiet atmosphere, certainly holds the attention of a tourist. The capital city, Victoria, on an island, is built on the foothills and side of a huge mountain. Across the bay on the mainland are other districts of Hong Kong; some of these are called Yau-mat, Mong-hoi, Kowloon and Shum Shui Po. Farther inland about three hours' drive by train from Hong Kong, is the city of Canton which is the capital and largest city in Kwangtung province. Many

(Continued on page four)

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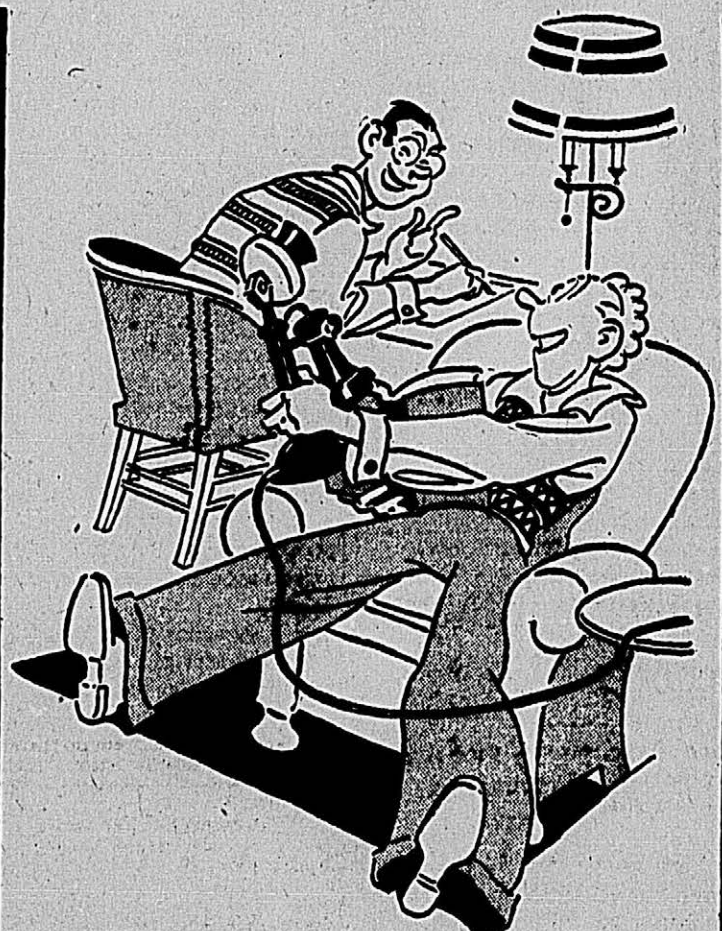
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Bushwhackers Hold Strong N.D.G. Squad To 1-1 Draw

Gorman Keeps Redmen In Race With Fine Goal

Galbraith Scores Disputed Goal in Third Period

Team Puts up Fine Exhibition of Hockey

BATTLING Bushwacking squad of Redmen held the second place N.D.G. Rovers to a 1-1 score last night at the Arena in one of the best games of the season. The McGill team were unfortunate in not winning the game as the goal scored by N.D.G. was a disputed one. A change of players was taking place and when the play was started McGill had seven men on the ice, the defence-men being undecided as to which one should go off. While trying to make up their minds the Rovers scored a goal which was a sit; to them. Added to this the Redmen received a penalty for the extra man.

Gorman scored the only goal for the Redmen on a beautiful solo rush down the ice, circling the defence and marking up one that the goalie never had a chance with. This tally was notched up halfway through the first frame and the tying goal did not come till early in the third period when after three attempts between them Clayton registered on an assist from Galbraith. Montreal West moved into second place, one point ahead of N.D.G. by virtue of their defeat of U. of M. 2-0. The undefeated Three Rivers team are leading the league with a total of fourteen points.

Lines Show Up Well
Both teams started off with a burst of speed and except for a short time during the second period kept up the pace throughout the game. The Red team started out with Pacaud in the nets, Gorman and Letourneau on defence and Elwood, O'Brien and Byrne on the forward line. This line played good hockey, showing a fine passing attack and skating at a very fast clip. The alternate lines were Loftus, Crawford and Corbett, and Dudson, Findlay and Probert. Anton and Doheny alternated on the rearguard.

The Bushwhackers held a decided edge throughout the first period and it was only the fast clearing of goalie Wilson that stopped the score from mounting much higher. During the second period the Rovers showed an improved brand of play and Bob Pacaud was called upon to make several fine stops to keep his team in the lead. Each team had one penalty. Boyle and Anton.

N.D.G. Goal Disputed

The final period opened with the disputed goal and this seemed to knock the attack out of the Redmen for a few minutes. One referee was not going to count the goal but was overruled by the other. Doheny the extra defence player had to sit on the penalty bench for the required two minutes. Play became much rougher during this period, both defences handing out several hard knocks. During the last ten minutes the Rovers had two penalties in quick succession and were kept on the defence by the persistent attacks of the Red squad. Hard luck again dogged the Redmen, when two shots in a row missed going in by inches. Near the close of the game O'Brien and Galbraith went off for mixing it up, the latter receiving ten minutes for talking to the referee.

Pacaud played another good game in the nets and was given fine support by the defence all of whom put in a hard night's work. The line of Byrne, Elwood and O'Brien played their best game of the season. Crawford again worked hard at centre, slowing up the Rovers' attack considerably. Corbett and Dudson checked well on their wings. For N.D.G. Boyle and Attridge were the pick of the defence and Galbraith, Clayton, Westman and Hamilton the best of the forwards.

Next Game Saturday

The team plays its next league game next Monday night against U. of M. and they are also scheduled to play them in an intermediate, intercollegiate feature Saturday afternoon at the Arena. Practices are scheduled for Wednesday and Friday.

The Line-up:

McGill: Goal, Pacaud; defence, Gorman and Letourneau; centre, Elwood; wings, Byrne and O'Brien; subs, Doheny, Probert, Loftus, Dudson, Crawford, Findlay, Corbett, Anton.

N.D.G.: Goal, T. Wilson; defence, Boyle and Attridge; centre, Galbraith; wings, Clayton and Hamilton; subs, Westman, Armstrong, F. Wilson, Hanson, Macey, L. Wilson, Mitchell.

SUMMARY

First Period

1-McGill.....Gorman..... 8.40

Penalty: Clayton.

Second Period

No score.

Penalties: Boyle, Anton.

Third Period

2-N.D.G.....Clayton..... 2.20

Penalties: Boyle, Mitchell, Doheny, O'Brien, Galbraith (10 mins).

Grapplers Prepare For Exhibition Tilt

FOR the next three weeks the Red wrestling team will have a very heavy schedule to fulfill. In addition to the regular practices held at the Field House, elimination trials and final training for the assault to take place at Queen's have been added.

A match has been arranged to take place at Norwich, Vermont, on Wednesday, January 30th, while on Saturday following this, exhibition tilts are to take place at Central "Y." The last week will be taken up by training for the Inter-faculty bouts at the Union on February 8th, the winners in this contest will compose the team which will be sent to Kingston to take part in the Annual Intercollegiate Assault at Arms.

Besides the representatives from Varsity and Queen's, there have been added to this tourney those of a new contender, the Ontario Agricultural College.

Competition Is Keen

In practically every class there is such even competition that it will probably be very difficult to predict the eventual winners. In the 125-pound class, Black and Holmes are running side by side while Fish and Barnes, both newcomers, of the next weight up are equally matched. As yet, no news has been received concerning Lazaroff, from Macdonald, but it is expected that he will defend his title won last year.

The 145-pound class is probably the most promising, closely followed by the 155 pounders. The light-heavyweight group has four well matched contenders, while there is but one in the heavyweight class. Coach Saxon urges every member to turn out regularly to the practices held in the Field House every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5.

Senior Group Scorers

Bourder, Verdun	18	15	33
Pinigh, Ottawa	14	17	31
Brown, Verdun	12	16	28
Cholette, Ottawa	16	8	24
Shier, Verdun	13	10	23
Farquharson, Royals	13	10	23
D. Neville, Royals	12	9	21
Farmer, Verdun	12	9	21
Miller, Ottawa	10	9	19
Burnie, Canadiens	8	11	19
Boudreau, Canadiens	12	5	17
Olsen, Ottawa	10	7	17
Jokis, Lafontaine	9	6	15
St. Germain, Royals	9	6	15
Poirier, Canadiens	6	8	14
R. Lee, Lafontaine	8	5	13
Arcand, Canadiens	6	6	12
Drouin, Ottawa	5	6	11
Watson, Royals	5	6	11
Hills, Lafontaine	4	7	11
F. Ranger, Canadiens	4	4	10
Shughnessy, Victorias	4	6	10
Martin, Canadiens	5	5	10
Fortin, Lafontaine	7	2	9
Desroches, Victorias	4	5	9
M. Marini, Verdun	2	6	8
Godin, Ottawa	2	7	9
Thomson, Victorias	3	4	7
MacQuisten, Royals	2	5	7
Lamb, McGill	4	2	6
Duff, McGill	4	2	6
Davis, Lafontaine	2	4	6
Lafontaine, Lafontaine	0	6	6
Blanchard, Canadiens	4	1	5
Crutchfield, McGill	4	1	5
MacNeil, Victorias	3	2	5
Pilon, Canadiens	2	3	5
Jordan, Ottawa	2	3	5
H. Neville, Verdun	2	3	5
Johnson, Verdun	2	3	5
Kilby, Verdun	2	3	5
Pratt, Ottawa	2	3	5
Irvin, Ottawa	1	4	5

Four points:—Maloch, Verdun; Robert, Canadiens; Doheny, Royals; M. McGill; Simpson, Royals; Tabin, Victorias; O'Connell, Lafontaine; Taylor, Royals; Bissell, Canadiens; Taugher, Royals; Melikjohn, McGill.

Three points:—Thibault, Lafontaine; Mullan, Victorias; McArthur, McGill; Munder, Royals; Wilson, Canadiens; Grant, Lafontaine; Crosby, McGill; Croghan, Royals; Smith, Victorias; K. Murray, Royals; Philbin, Lafontaine; H. Murray, Royals; Wilkinson, Ottawa; Beauchamp, Lafontaine; MacKay, McGill; Morrison, Ottawa; Moss, McGill; Brune, Verdun, have two scoring points; and Washbrook, Verdun; Lafontaine; Verdun; Cadieux, Ottawa; Tobin, Victorias; Bernard, Lafontaine; Griffin, Verdun, have one.

GOALTENDERS' RECORDS

McHugh, McGill	8	16	2,000
Seguin, Verdun	11	23	2,061
Peterkin, Ottawa	15	47	3,133
Archambault, Can.	15	49	3,267
Power, Royals	14	34	3,750
Coulter, Victorias	9	33	3,844
Martel, Verdun	14	58	4,000
Gagnon, Lafontaine	16	75	4,687

SPORTS NOTICES

INTERCLASS BASKETBALL

Elimination Schedule For

Second Place Teams

Today — (3) Girls' Gym. 6.00 p.m.

Eng. I vs. Arts III

Wednesday, January 23rd — (4)

Girls' Gym. 6.00 p.m. Comm. I vs. Eng. IV

Beginning of Championship

Schedule.

Friday, January 25th — (5) Boys'

Gym. 5.00 p.m. Med. I vs. Med. II

(6) Boys' Gym. 6.00 p.m. Arts II

vs. Med. IV

Final For Second Place Teams

Monday, January 28th — (7) Girls'

Gym. 5.00 p.m. Winner of 3 vs. Win-

ner of 4

Slants On Sports

By A. G.

Peep Goes The Whistle

THINGS are once more about to take on a roseate hue in the local senior Q.A.H.A. circuit, arguing at least on the premise that a clip on the jaw means a click of the turnstile. The league-leading Royals and the third place Canadiens blew off the lid on their strained relations last Sunday night when Hughie Farquharson, former Redman, collided with one Roland Robert of the Tricolour as both were racing along the boards, whereupon each dropped his big stick, the better to slug you with my dear, and commenced scalping operations. The team-mates of each contestant, foregoing the formality of invitation, swarmed over their side of the rink and squared off with anybody handy wearing alien colours. The result was an unannounced three-ring circus lasting for about as many minutes, the main attraction being a wrestling match between rookie Don Bissell of the Canucks and the Royal veteran Ralph St. Germain in which age succumbed to the vigour of youth as the Saint thrice decorated that portion of the ice directly underneath Mr. Bissell. The frantically-toting referees finally unravelled the wreckage and the game proceeded to a 2-2 finish, which was a pretty fair decision all around. In a curtain-raiser to the impromptu embroglio, Lafontaine threw a monkey wrench into the league standing with a surprise victory over the Verdun Maple Leafs, trimming them by a decisive 6-3 count, and lifting themselves into a triple tie, for fourth place, with their victims of the evening and McGill. Vics follow in the cellar only two points behind, which makes the play-off problem very interesting indeed, the only team practically certain of finishing the season where they are now, being the first-place Royals. The crowds, which have not of late been exactly of the kind for which they call out the reserves, should improve considerably from now on as the various squads swing into the final stretch of the race for highest amateur hockey honours in the province.

The Martlet Chips In

MCGILL'S contribution to this fiery ice circuit is itself playing no small part in the general proceedings. Faced with virtual elimination from play-off possibilities last Wednesday night, they stepped into the second-place Ottawa Senators and emerged with a well-earned 4-2 victory. What they nearly emerged without however, is equally intriguing. About half-way through the first period, shovel-shot Cholette of the Capitol forces let fly with the puck and it whizzed past Red goalie Hollie McHugh's head close enough to wrest a large portion of his left ear from its moorings. Out went goalie McHugh for repairs. In came intermediate twin-minder Bob Pacaud whereupon the enraged Redmen kept the puck away from their own end of the rink for about ten consecutive minutes, adding two goals to what had been a 1-1 tie. In the third period, the ubiquitous Cholette skidded into Fred Wigle of the Martlet staff, and separated the burly defenceman from a chunk of face, causing his retirement as well. The game ended with no further regrettable incidents except for Ottawa, when the final bell sounded, leaving them on the short end of the score. Transferring their activities to the intercollegiate hockey sector, Coach Bell's pride and joy met Queen's last Friday in the Tricolour's first bid for the college crown since they relinquished it away back in 1914. For two periods and seven minutes, the Kingston sextette practically skated on the puck to hold the Redmen to a 1-0 score. But Gordie Crutchfield finally broke loose with the rubber with about three minutes left to play and laid a perfect pass on the eager stick of Alec Duff, who made no mistake as he drove it past Forsyth in the Tricolour nets. One minute and 35 seconds later, Clay Crosby converted a Rollic-Lamb-Tommy Morse passing attack with another cord-bulger. Lamb did a solo 28 seconds further along in the game, and several seconds before the bell handed the puck to Morse, who had no trouble in ramming it home. The barrage of goals left an exit-bound crowd stunned, not to mention the hapless Gaels, who had been sailing along only a couple of minutes before with an even chance of drawing the game into overtime. It would be difficult to account for the sudden collapse of their defensive bulwark, except on the grounds of fatigue. With a little more conditioning, the Wing-Munro-Murphy coalition could easily develop into a better-balanced threat. The return game in Kingston ought to prove mighty interesting.

Come On In! The Water's Fine!

WITH Queen's back in the fold, the intercollegiate hockey league begins to look more like a league and less like a mutual admiration society. There is very little love lost between the Kingston collegians and Toronto, and with the added stimulus of a second competitive squad, the Redmen will be less apt to regard their rivalry with the Blueboys in the same light as a game of marbles. All of which causes a fond hope in this department's breast that the A.B.C. organization at Queen's—they direct all of the college's athletic activities—will be able to see their way clear to the sponsorship of a Tricolour water-polo and swimming squad which will fill out the present intercollegiate set-up of McGill and Toronto. The Gaels have never been represented in this circuit, although in recent years, with their magnificent tank facilities, they have developed a squad of natators who on more than one occasion has held its own against Varsity in exhibition contests. We have it on good authority that the orphan poloists separated the good citizens of Kingston from about three hundred dollars of their money during the course of last season's exhibition matches. This sum, even if to leave leeway for enthusiastic exaggeration divided in half still represents about \$150 more than either the McGill or Toronto teams draw down in gate receipts. On the surface, at least, there seems to be no reason why Queen's should not enter a squad in the Union, especially one that can pay its own way.

Orchid and Scallion Section

THIS column would like to take time out to thank, on behalf of A. G. and A. D. S. Messrs. "Veritas" and "Med. '35" who wrote those two swell letters wishing the former continued success in their respective departments. A. G. and A. D. S. would be content to rest assured of the successful futures of two keen correspondents like Veritas and Med. '35, were it not for the fact that they are likely to encounter opponents in the battle of life with a considerably higher intelligence quotient than "Commerce '36." Accordingly, we in turn wish them continued success in their field.

Wednesday, January 30th — (8)

Girls' Gym. 6.00 p.m. Med. I vs.

Winner of 7.

Thursday, January 31st — (9)

Girls' Gym. 6.00 p.m. Med. II vs. Arts

II.

Friday, February 1st — (10) Boys'

Gym. 5.00 p.m. Med. I vs. Med. IV

Monday, February 4th — (11) Girls'

Gym. 5.00 p.m. Med. IV vs. Winner

of 7.

(12) Girls' Gym. 6.00 p.m. Arts II

vs. Med. I.

Wednesday, February 6th — (13)

Girls' Gym. 6.00 p.m. Med. II vs. Med.

IV.

Thursday, February 7th — (14)

Girls' Gym. 6.00 p.m. Arts II vs.

Winner of 7.

Monday, February 11th — (15)

Girls' Gym. 5.00 p.m. Med. II vs.

Winner of 7.

INTERCLASS HOCKEY SCHEDULE

(Continued on page four)

Juniors In Win Over Verdun 2-1

Second Period Rally Nets McGill Goals

PIDCOCK, BAILLIE SCORE BOTH GOALS

Win Brings Junior Redmen Nearer to Coming Play-offs

TWO quick goals at the end of the second period gave the Junior Ice Squad a 2-1 victory over the Verdun Maple Leafs in a warmly contested encounter at the Forum last night. Pidcock, who is fast becoming a formidable threat in the city league ranks, and Johnny Baillie were the scorers of the evening. Baillie also got an assist on Pidcock's goal.

Tennant In Form

Stemming the vigorous attacks of Verdun who kept off the offensive most of the game, Dave Tennant held the Verdun scoring to a minimum.

Early in the first period it was evident that the fray would be a struggle hinging on the breaks. The play saw-sawed from one end of the ice to the other. Both teams gave good displays of back-checking and passing.

Verdun Leads Attack

Decidedly on the attack Verdun opened a formidable siege on the McGill citadel at the outset of the second period. The storm around the Red net did not blow over until Verdun sacrificed a man to the penalty box. The Leaf penalty was the signal for a change of the situation. Bobby Bell launched a powerful four man charge which, in the furor it created around the Verdun net, resulted in the two winning counters.

A pass from Baillie put the puck on the face of Pidcock's stick. Paul shot high and hard into the corner of the net. A few seconds later Kennedy shot from close at the side. McKinnon, Verdun goalie, failed to smother it and Baillie, catching the rebound, flicked it in.

Stangle, Verdun Scores

Their costly penalty served, the Verdun players pressed a hard counter attack. Stangle, skating through the McGill team scored unassisted and chalked up the third and last counter. The Redmen buckled down to a steady resistance.

The last period was almost a repetition of the first up till the last eight minutes, during most of which time they were a man short. A five man rush came near to scoring when Tennant was drawn away from the net. But the gods came to their rescue and from the scramble Doheny broke away and with a clear field before him looked as if he was off to score until he was overtaken and forced into the corner.

Spurt At Finish

Another Verdun attack gave the spectators a few minutes of thrill when the McGill net was again left unguarded, however, in the ensuing furious shinny no score was made.

This win puts the Juniors in a firm position for the playoffs, which, with a few more victories, they will have clinched. The first game of the evening saw Royals overwhelm Lafontaine in a 14-1 scoring spree. O'Connor made four of the goals.

Line-ups:

McGill: Goal, Tennant; defence, McQuarrie and Kenny; centre, Macdonald; wings, Pidcock and Kennedy; spares, Kerrigan, Grier, Walker, Baillie, Doheny, MacKinnon and Fraser.

Verdun: Goal, McKinnon; defence, Croghan and Halbert; centre, Pennec; wings, Tracey and Booth; spares, Ranco, Majeau, Boucier, Stangle, Owen McCormack and Robillard.

First Period

No score, no penalties.

Second Period

3-McGill.....Pidcock (Baillie)..... 15.28

3-McGill.....Baillie (Kennedy)..... 15.35

3-Verdun.....Stangle..... 18.45

Penalties: Ranco (Verdun).

Third Period

No score.

Penalties: Walker and Kenny (2)

(McGill).

12 points against their opponents

6. The second half saw the Arts sharpshooters tighten up considerably and more than hold their own but their efforts did not bear fruit as the final whistle blew with the Commercial holding a 5-point lead.

Novinger, Love and Cornell were best for the winners, while Roy, Wilson and Metrakos stood out for the vanquished Artsmen.

Comm. I (22)

Arts I (17)

Love (6)

Wilson (3)

Conway (0)

Annett (0)

Novinger (10)

Roy (9)

Herring (0)

Guadagni (2)

Duncan (2)

Copeland (0)

Cornell (4)

Metrakos (3)

Sectional Standing

A B C D

Arts II Arts III Med. II Med. IV

Eng. I Eng. I Comm. I Eng. IV.

SWIMMING CLUB

Candidates for the swimming team are needed as there is a considerable lack of men so far for the various positions. Practices are being held every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at the K. of C. tank at 5.30. The following meets are scheduled

for the season:

Monday, Jan. 28th — Interfacult meet.

Feb. 6th—McGill at Dartmouth.

Feb. 8th—McGill at Harvard.

Feb. 9th—McGill at Springfield.

Feb. 14th—McGill vs. M.A.A.A.

Feb. 23rd—Intercollegiate Meet at McGill.

30c

WILL BUY a lunch at Murray's

This special luncheon includes coffee—and is served between 11.30 and 12.30, at the Murray's branches near Low's and in the University Tower Building.

14 Restaurants. MONTREAL — TORONTO

GRADUATE TO GRADS Cigarettes

SAVE THE BRIDGE HANDS

L. O. GROTHE, LIMITED—An independent company, all Canadian capital, owned and operated by Canadians for over 50 years.

National Research Council

An even more intensive application in the future than in the past of science to the production of the world's needs is predicted in the Seventeenth Annual Report of the National Research Council, tabled in Parliament today.

The application "will apply not only to the better understanding of the materials entering into industry and their possible improvement, but also to the training of men who will be in technical control. Standardization will also play a most important part."

Four major projects are suggested. The first is a survey of Canadian natural resources. "Until a systematic attempt is made," it says, "to see our natural resources as a whole in relation to our own requirements and the world's demands, we must of necessity work more or less in the dark. Our present methods of industrial development have not only resulted in a great deal of haphazard effort, waste of energy, and material loss, but in a large proportion of attempts at industrial development failing, in the first instance, for lack of knowledge." The belief is expressed that Federal Government departments, the universities and provincial organizations would co-operate and that the preliminary steps could be undertaken at small cost.

The other projects are: 1. Research on home and building construction and equipment including standardization of materials, suitability of materials for special purposes, ventilation, heating, lighting, insulation (both heat and sound) and other factors affecting health and happiness; 2. Research in connection with the re-adjustment of Canadian agriculture and the utilization of agricultural wastes; 3. Development of standards of quality, quantity, performance, etc., of commodities and services generally. In connection with the latter the statement is made that the "advantages accruing to the producing as well as the consuming public from a proper scheme of standardization are no longer disputed by anyone cognizant of the facts," and the Society of Automotive Engineers of America is quoted as estimating that the adoption of standards in the automobile industry with respect to parts, materials and methods saves the industry more than \$750,000,000 annually. To promote justice in daily trade through systematic inspection and regulation, to secure high utility in the products of industry by setting an attainable standard of quality, promote truthful branding and advertising by suitable standards and methods of test, clarify the understanding between maker, seller, buyer and user as to operative efficiency of appliances and machines, thus making exact knowledge the basis of the buyer's choice, and promote safety, efficiency and convenience in the maintenance and operation of utilities — these and several others are listed as the major practical purposes of a movement which "will play a much more important part in industry in the future than in the past."

Eighty-seven researches, according to the report, were in progress in the Council's laboratories in Ottawa during the year under review, and others were proceeding under the auspices of the Council's twenty-seven associate committees or its assisted researches programme. Seventeen students held post-graduate scholarships. Revenue of the Council from other than the parliamentary grant was \$65,114.23, as compared with \$44,518.00 the year previous. The total revenue, however, was approximately \$9,000 less than the year previous and \$15,000 less than the year before that. The report states that the circumstances causing this reduction are perfectly understood but calls attention "to the fact that the Council had its staff only partially organized when the economic depression began and it has been carrying on, with increased demands in every branch of its activities, with \$125,000 less than was available before its new laboratories were opened." The full benefit of the work which the Council is striving to do, it says, cannot be realized until a much larger staff is available.

At the end of the year under review the professional staff of the Council totalled 58, 30 of whom held doctorate degrees in science. Two professional appointments were made during the year, one to the vacancy caused by the appointment of Lieut.-Col. W. A. Steel to the Canadian Radio Commission and the other to fill a vacancy caused by the appointment of a member of the staff of the Council to the technical staff of the Commission.

Fifty apprentices worked at different periods in the Council's laboratories without pay.

A further extension of the Council's work as a co-ordinating agency in the Government Service is recorded. During the year a survey was made of specifications used by the different departments in making governmental purchases, and as a result all interested departments consented to the establishment of a committee, since formally established under the name of the Canadian Government Purchasing Standards Committee, for the purpose of development, maintaining and extending these specifications and developing new ones to meet needs not now provided for. "It is believed that by this means the cost of materials purchased by the Government can be greatly reduced without adversely affecting the producers of the materials purchased. In Great Britain and the United States it is an established practice for Government

Departments to purchase according to specification. It has been estimated that savings amounting to \$100,000,000 annually have been made in this way by the Government of the United States.

Some service or other was performed during the year for nearly every Department of the Government, including the Royal Canadian Mounted Police, the Tariff Board and the Canadian Radio Commission.

The Associate Committee on Survey Research, which is an instrument for collaboration in research matters of the Departments having to do with surveying (Interior, Marine, Mines, National Defence) established five panels, one of them on infra-red and color photography. It is pointed out that recent developments in connection with the latter have made its use in aircraft feasible and "opened the way for a very large and important application in Canada." A representative of the Forest Service of Canada was made a member of this panel because of the importance of air surveying to forestry and lumbering and "the great need for further experimentation and research, particularly in connection with the taking of a forestry inventory of Canada." Other panels are concerned with contouring and the determining of relief from air photographs, the design of aircraft best suited for aerial photography purposes, apparatus for recording height, interval of exposure, etc. It is reported that the Division of Physics and Engineering of the Council "will be largely concerned with the work of these panels; already a large amount of work has come through the committee to the laboratories and the Council's workshops."

The Associate Committee on Engineering Standards (The Canadian Engineering Standards Association's Main Committee) reports that the standards set up for the guidance of industry by the Committee, although purely voluntary, are "being widely adopted by provincial and municipal governments and industrial firms" and that eight publications were issued during the year dealing with binder head screws, service-entrance and branch-circuit breakers, electric clocks, portable electric displays and incandescent lamp signs, electric fixtures, electric floor surfacing and cleaning machines, fractional horsepower motors, and electric portable lighting devices.

The Associate Committee on Coal Classification and Analysis reports that the system of scientific classification proposed by the United States Committee in the same field and which is to be considered by the Canadian committee involves the establishment of four main classes, anthracite, bituminous, sub-bituminous and lignite, each of which is subdivided into groups according to the composition and properties of the coals. The two committees have been working in close co-operation.

Close working relations with the British Standards Institution have been established by the Associate Committee on Chemical Standards. Upwards of 25 draft specifications have been received from Great Britain for comment and criticism. During the year the Committee made a survey of the desirability of chemical standards development and found commendation by manufacturers of the proposal. Another survey indicated that standards have been established in other countries for more than 150 chemical products which are made in Canada. "Many products," the report states, "are still described in purchase orders as 'good quality,' 'commercial grade,' 'technical' and in other ways which are not capable of precise definition. It was thought that a national organization such as the associate committee could do useful work by bringing all these practices under review and that by this means chemical standards for specific grades and uses, which would be acceptable to buyers and manufacturers alike, might be established."

Under the auspices of the Associate Committee on Asbestos, final specifications for all details of a standard asbestos testing machine were developed and agreed upon. A conference to formulate and co-ordinate a Dominion-wide programme of cold-storage investigation was recommended to the Council by its Associate Committee in Agricultural Research (now an Associate Committee of the Department of Agriculture also). As a result, the field of investigation has been apportioned among the institutions possessing the necessary equipment and arrangements made for a co-operative attack on common problems. Active research under this scheme is now under way.

A programme of barley research was outlined and preliminary steps taken to give it effect. Of 121 papers published in the Canadian Journal of Research during the year, 31 described work done in the Council's laboratories and 33 described work done in other laboratories with financial assistance from the Council. The Council, which publishes the Canadian Journal of Research, has under consideration the division of the journal into several journals to cover particular branches of science.

Patents were granted in the following countries on the external form for steam locomotives (streamlined) developed in the aeronautics laboratory of the Council: Canada, England, United States, France and Switzerland. Claims were allowed in Germany. The Canadian patent, since the conclusion of the year under review, has

NOTICES

UNCLAIMED LETTERS
Unclaimed letters in the Registrar's Office:

Clough, William P.
Harrie, Hillard
Kicia, Fr. Chislans
Mollnar, Rafael
Phillips, Paul
Teige, Harry

UNDERGRADUATE VIEW-POINT OF CHRISTIANITY

Anglican students will meet again at supper this evening at 6 p.m. in the Cathedral Parish Hall. A McGill undergraduate will give his views on Christianity. Those who wish to be present at this supper please phone WE. 5912 and signify their intention.

THE GLEE CLUB

The first meeting of the club for the New Year will be held in the Union Ballroom tonight at 7.30 o'clock. A number of concerts have been planned and it is imperative that all those who wish to sing should turn out. For this reason only those in attendance at this meeting shall be considered members of the Club.

ATTENTION ARTS '37

All who signed up for a class pin and have not yet paid for same are urged to pay Parker Chesney before Wednesday, January 23rd, 1935. After that date the pins will be sold to anyone.

SIGMA ALPHA MU SCHOLARSHIPS

Two scholarships of \$100 each for the present session and two for each of the succeeding four sessions have been presented to the University by the Montreal Alumni Club of Sigma Alpha Mu Fraternity.

They are to be awarded to needy students of good academic standing and are open to men in any Faculty. Applications must be made in writing to the Registrar before the 31st of January, 1935.

McGILL HISTORICAL CLUB

The fifth meeting of this club will be held this evening at the home of Mr. Hugh Doherty, 482 Roslyn Ave., Westmount, at 8.30 p.m. Speakers: N. Burgomaster and W. R. Hullin. Subjects: "The Irish Revolution, 1918-1923," and "The German Republic, 1918-1932."

ROOM AND BOARD

Student would like to share apartment with another, located on Stanley St. Rooms large, bright, quiet and comfortable. Board and lodgings would amount to \$4.50 a week. Drop a note in the "Daily" office for particulars.

ATTENTION R.V.C. '36

There will be an important meeting in Room 12 of the Arts Building at one today.

MINING AND METALLURGICAL SOCIETY

There will be a meeting of the Society at 5.00 today in Room 56 of the Chemistry Building. Subject: "Rock Drills."

ROOM AND BOARD

First class room and board for \$4.50 per week. Student, or person of good name and character need only apply. All conveniences, near McGill University. Room large and comfortable and quiet. Apply at Tuck Shop, McGill Union, for further particulars.

ENGLISH LITERATURE SOCIETY

There will be a meeting of the English Literature Society next Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock in Room 13 of the Arts Building. Miss Ruth Dingle will speak on "Purpose in Stage Design." All interested are invited to turn out.

ITALIAN CLUB

There will be a dinner sponsored by the Italian Club of McGill tonight at 7.30 in the Union Grill Room. All interested Italian students are invited to attend. The Italian Consul and Colonel Bovey will address the gathering.

BADMINTON CLUB

The McGill Badminton Club will play at the Union on Wednesday and Friday evenings of this week, at seven o'clock.

Soviet Experiment

(Continued from page one)

another through sheer interest in his job, and many through a fiery desire to put the great plan through.

Five-year Plan

The first five-year plan, though held back by the economic depression which affected sales in the western world, by inexperience in technical matters, and by the threat of war which made necessary the turning over to machinery to armament, nevertheless succeeded in many ways. Between 1930 and 1933, the national wealth increased from 35 to 50 billion rubles, the population went up, the number of workers increased, as did the average wage. Advances in culture were noted in an increase in literacy from 67 per cent to 90 per cent. School attendance became much greater, especially in higher education and in pre-school training.

But the attitude of the Government is that the revolution of 1917 is not yet over. And so the work continues.

been presented to the two Canadian transcontinental railways.

(To be continued)

China Revealed As Misunderstood Land

(Continued from page two)

overseas Chinese from America now make their homes in Canton especially in the district of Tungshan.

Distinctions

"To my mind there seems to be a great distinction between the Cantonese and the other people in China. North of the Yantze Kiang river the people are generally called northerners. Although I am a full-blooded Cantonese, still from close observation I am of the opinion that the Cantonese are the most progressive, daring and enterprising people in China. The distinction between the Cantonese and the northerners seems to be similar to that between the French and the English, but to a lesser degree. The Cantonese as a whole are more modern than any others in China and readily fall in with the ideas and customs of the westerners. The northerners, on the other hand are great scholars and educationalists, and are great students of the old Chinese classics. They appear to be slower than the Cantonese in accepting modern ideas and customs, and will hesitate before making the change. This can be noted in the universities of Shanghai where both the Cantonese and northerners attend. As a rule the Cantonese dress in the latest foreign styles, are more extravagant, and attend all forms of foreign recreation. On the other hand the northern students as a whole, still dress in the long gowns, and are more apt to be plugging away at their lessons than anywhere else. The Cantonese people are patriotic to the highest degree, and will put up a stubborn defence for their rights at any time. The average foreigner who has lived in China for any length of time will confirm this statement.

Best Universities

"As yet the universities in China have not attained as high a standard as those in America, but the improvement in education is growing at a rapid pace. Among the leading universities in China are: Peiping Union Medical College, Yenching University, St. John's, Shanghai College, Fuh Tan University, Central University in Nanking.

"As a rule the universities are situated in distant suburbs of large cities in the open spaces where there is plenty of fresh air. Most universities have middle schools as well as grammar schools and the average student body with its two lesser schools is between 1,000 and 2,000. In Christian universities the lectures are conducted in English. Each school year is divided into two terms. The first term begins early in September and ends in January. The second term runs from February to June.

"I am at present connected with the above university and also a girls' physical college called Liang Kiang. This latter institution is considered to be the best of its kind in China but is not up to the standard of those in America.

Athletics Lacking

"The school is situated on spacious grounds in the rural districts of Shanghai, and the students come from all parts of China. Many of the lectures are held out-of-doors in a practical, rather than technical sense. Unlike the M.S.P.E. this school is strictly physical in a sense that only subjects which will aid a student in physical education are taught. The students who graduate generally scatter to various parts of the interior to teach physical work in the different schools. In China, physical education is still in its infancy, but due to western influence it has made tremendous strides in recent years, and I am sure it will not be long before China takes her place amongst the leading nations in this respect.

"I suppose it is about time I should end this letter, but trust I haven't made it too long, with hopes that you will convey this information on China to the students, through your publication. Certainly I will be glad to hear from you anytime and until then, good luck,

Sincerely yours,
WILLIAM J. K. WOO.

Enterprise To Aid

(Continued from page one)

would entail, proposed to secure funds necessary for its maintenance for a five year period. This plan was agreed to by the late principal, Sir Arthur Currie, and thus the graduates of this School have pledged themselves for its support hoping meanwhile to raise an endowment and place the School upon a safe basis within the University.

To further this ambition, plans have been completed to hold a dance in the Windsor Hotel on Valentine Day, February 14, to which Her Excellency Lady Bessborough is graciously extending her patronage and support.

France, Belgium, Great Britain and the U.S.A.

The Canadian representatives consisted of two from Varsity and Mendel Laxer from McGill. The McGill League will very shortly afford the students an opportunity to hear their representative's account of the pro-

ceedings which, he reported, were marked by a spirit of unanimous co-operation which offered a striking and pleasing contrast to the present dangerous tensions and mistrust existing generally among the European nations.

McGill Represented

(Continued from page one)

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(Continued from page one)

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PLAYER'S CLUB

SCENERY

Will all those who wish to make scenery for the forthcoming Major Production, please leave their names with Lloyd Davies as soon as possible. Those who have already handed in their names will please be on hand Tuesday at 2.30 p.m.

REHEARSALS

The rehearsals of "Autumn Circus" for this week will be as follows:

Today...1.30 in the M.R.T.
Wed. 3.00 in the Club Room.
Thurs. 5.00 in the Club Room.
Friday 2.00 in the Club Room.
Sat. 2.00 in the Club Room.
Sun. 7.00 in the Club Room.

The following people are required at all these rehearsals: The Misses McGoun, Molson, Colby, Tasker, Enman, Hill, Gilmeister and Wilson; and the Messrs. Wiele, Dunn, and Fisher.

THE WORKSHOP

There will be a rehearsal of "The Pot-Boller" today in the Music Room of the Union at 3.30. Will the cast please come at that hour or as soon after as possible, as there is an important announcement to be made.

REVUE

CHORUS

The elimination rehearsals will take place in the Union Ballroom today and tomorrow at 5 o'clock. When giving attendance also state your height, without shoes, as accurately as possible. This information is necessary in dividing the chorus into groups later. Before the rehearsals each girl will be given two sheets of paper on which will be printed the number previously assigned to her. These are to be pinned on, front and back, for identification purposes.

Be on time, so that these matters can be looked after and the rehearsal start promptly at 5.10.

EXECUTIVE

Note that the time for taking the Annual picture at Rice's has been changed to Friday afternoon at 4.45.

ceedings which, he reported, were marked by a spirit of unanimous co-operation which offered a striking and pleasing contrast to the present dangerous tensions and mistrust existing generally among the European nations.

S.C.M. NoTES

Today:

2.00 p.m.—Art of Living, I. F. E. Peden.
Badminton, Main Hall.
2.45 —Records III, M. E. Blinmore.
5.00 —Religion in Modern Thought, 22 Richelieu Place (off Mountain street).

Wednesday:

2.00 p.m.—Badminton.
5.00 —Records I, M. G. Brooks.

Visit of Dr. and Mrs. Vlastos

Spring Campers are reminded to set aside next Sunday morning for the Spring Camp Reunion Conference with Dr. Gregory Vlastos.

On Sunday evening Dr. Vlastos will preach at the Divinity Hall Chapel Service. Mrs. Vlastos will speak at Open House on "Recent Developments in the Drama."

Sport Notices

(Continued from page three)

Today: 5-6 Eng. 2 vs. Com. 1.
Wed. Jan. 23: 4-5 Eng. 1-X vs. Theol. 1; 5-6 Com. 2 vs. Eng. 4.
Fri. Jan. 25: 4-5 Com. 2 vs. Theol. 2; Mon. Jan. 28: 4-5 Com. 3 vs. Arts 2; 5-6 Eng. 1-X vs. Arts 3.
Wed. Jan. 30: 4-5 Eng. 1-Y vs. Med. 2; 5-6 Com. 4 vs. Dent. 2; 6-7 Arts 3 vs. Eng. 2.
Friday, Feb. 1: 4-5 Arts 1 vs. Com. 2; 5-6 Eng. 1-Y vs. Law 2; 6-7 Theol. 1 vs. Eng. 2.
Mon. Feb. 4: 4-5 Theol. 1 vs. Com. 1; Wed. Feb. 6: 4-5 Com. 4 vs. Eng. 1-Y; 5-6 Theol. 2 vs. Eng. 4; 6-7 Med. 2 vs. Dent. 2.
Fri. Feb. 8: 5-6 Eng. 1-X vs. Com. 1; 6-7 Theol. 2 vs. Arch.
Mon. Feb. 11: 5-6 Com. 4 vs. Law 2; 6-7 Med. 1 vs. Eng. 3.

CLASS AND FACULTY HOCKEY

The following are the class, and faculty schedules:

Faculty
Wed. Jan. 23: 6-7 Med. vs. Dent.
Thurs. Jan. 24: 5-6 Arts vs. Com.
Fri. Jan. 25: 5-6 Arch. vs. Med.; 6-7 Eng. vs. Dent.
Sat. Jan. 26: Comm. vs. Macdonald (at Macdonald).
Tues. Jan. 29: 5-6 Arts vs. Theology.
Thurs. Jan. 31: 5-6 Arch. vs. Law.
Mon. Feb. 4: 5-6 Med. vs. Eng.; 6-7 Comm. vs. Theology.
Tues. Feb. 5: 5-6 Arch. vs. Dent.
Thurs. Feb. 7: 5-6 Law vs. Med.

REINSTATEMENT

G. McLeod, Eng. IV.

TRACK CLUB BANQUET

The Track Club banquet will be held in the Union on February 1. All senior trackmen and -harpers are requested to keep this date free.

M. W. S. A. A. BADMINTON

The club will hold a Round Robin Tournament tonight at 7.45 p.m. Re-

freshments will be served. Will all those who wish to come sign the list in the Common Room or in R.V.C.

SKIERS
The Canadian Ski Year book is now on sale at the Athletic office for 25 cents a copy.

Brown, Montgomery & McMichael

Advocates, Barristers, Etc.
Hon. Albert J. Brown, K.C., George H. Montgomery, K.C.; Robert C. McMichael, K.C.; Warwick P. Chisholm, K.C.; Frank B. Common, K.C.; Orville S. Tyndale, K.C.; Thomas R. Kerr, K.C.; William H. Howard, K.C.; James H. Hollingsworth, K.C.; Eldridge Cate, C. Russell McKee, K.C.; Paul Gaultier, J. Leigh Bishop, K.C.; S. Richardson, J. Angus Ostry; Campbell Cone, John G. Porteous, Hazen Harnard, G. Featherston Osler and John de M. Blatter.
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Advocates, Barristers, Etc.

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MacDougall, Macfarlane.

Scott & Hugessen

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